PREVENTION OF MONEY LAUNDERING POLICY

1. Objective:

The Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA") and the Prevention of Money-Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005 (Maintenance of Records Rules), as amended from time to time and notified by the Government of India, mandate NVS Brokerage Private Limitedto adhere to client account opening procedures, maintain records and report such transactions as prescribed therein to the relevant authorities. The Maintenance of Records Rules specify the information required to be maintained and the procedure, manner and the form in which such information is to be maintained. It also mandates NVS Brokerage Private Limitedto evolve an internal mechanism having regard to any guidelines issued by regulator for detecting the transactions specified in the Maintenance of Records Rules and for furnishing information thereof, in such form as may be directed by the regulator.

The main objective of the policy is to deal with prevention of Money Laundering by clients and to create awareness amongst the relevant staff and other stake holders by imparting relevant training.

To frame the guidelines for prevention of Money Laundering as mandated by following Circulars issued by SEBI and Stock Exchanges:

SEBI references:

Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD-SEC-5/P/CIR/2023/022 dated February 3, 2023

2. Scope of the Policy:

Money-laundering poses a serious threat to the financial systems. The Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (PMLA) has been passed by the Central Government which declares money-laundering to be an extraditable criminal offence and provides for setting up of agencies, confiscation etc.

NVS Brokerage Private Limited is required to establish procedures of internal control aimed at preventing and impeding money laundering and terrorist financing.

In case there is a variance in Client Due Diligence (CDD)/ Anti Money Laundering (AML) standards specified by SEBI and the regulators of the host country, branches/overseas subsidiaries of NVS Brokerage Private Limited are required to adopt the more stringent requirements of the two.

3. General guidelines for prevention of Money Laundering (Compliance and reporting):

Point No.	Particulars	Compliance Requirements
Point No. A.	Particulars Client Due Diligence (CDD)	 Compliance Requirements The CDD measures comprise the following: i) Obtaining sufficient information in order to identify persons who beneficially own or control the securities account. Whenever it is apparent that the securities acquired or maintained through an account are beneficially owned by a party other than the client, that party shall be identified using client identification and verification procedures. The beneficial owner is the natural person or persons who ultimately own, control or influence a client and/or persons who se behalf a transaction is being conducted. It also incorporates those persons who exercise ultimate effective control over a legal person or arrangement. ii) Verify the client's identity using reliable, independent source documents, data or information. iii) Identify beneficial ownership and control, i.e. determine which individual(s) ultimately own(s) or control(s) the client and/or the person on whose behalf a transaction is being conducted : a) For clients other than individuals or trusts: Where the client is a person other than an individual or trust, viz., company, partnership or unincorporated association/body of individuals, the beneficial owners of the client will be identified and will take reasonable measures to verify the identity of such persons, through the following information: aa) The identity of the natural person, who, whether acting alone or together, or through one or more juridical person, exercises control through ownership or who ultimately has a controlling ownership interest. Controlling ownership interest means owner-ship of/ entitlement to: i. more than 25% of shares or capital or profits of the juridical person, where the juridical person is a company; ii. more than 15% of the capital or profits of the juridical person, where the juridical person is a partnership; or
		juridical person is an unincorporated association or body of individuals. bb) In cases where there exists doubt under clause (aa) above as to whether the person
		with the controlling ownership interest is the beneficial owner or where no natural person exerts control through ownership interests, the identity of the natural person exercising control over the juridical person through other means.

	(Control through other means can be exercised through voting rights, agreement, arrangements or in any other manner.)
	cc) Where no natural person is identified under clauses (aa) or (bb) above, the identity of the relevant natural person who holds the position of senior managing official.
	b) For client which is a trust: Where the client is a trust, the beneficial owners of the client will be identified and reasonable measures will be taken to verify the identity of such persons, through the identity of the author of the trust, the trustee, the protector, the beneficiaries with 15% or more interest in the trust and any other natural person exercising ultimate effective control over the trust through a chain of control or ownership;
	c) Exemption in case of listed companies : Where the client or the owner of the controlling interest is a company listed on a stock exchange, or is a majority owned subsidiary of such a company, it is not necessary to identify and verify the identity of any shareholder or beneficial owner of such companies;
	d) Applicability for foreign investors: Refer SEBI Master Circular SEBI/HO/AFD-2/CIR/P/2022/175 dated December 19,2022 and amendments thereto, if any, for the purpose of identification of beneficial ownership of the client.
	iv. Verify the identity of the beneficial owner of the client and/or the person on whose behalf a transaction is being conducted, corroborating the information provided in relation to (iii)
	v. Understand the ownership and control structure of the client;
	vi. Conduct ongoing due diligence and scrutiny, i.e. Perform ongoing scrutiny of the transactions and account throughout the course of the business relationship to ensure that the transactions being conducted are consistent with our knowledge of the client, its business and risk profile, taking into account, where necessary, the client's source of funds.
	vii. NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall review the due diligence measures including verifying again the identity of the client and obtaining information on the purpose and intended nature of the business relationship, as the case may be, when there are suspicions of money laundering or financing of the activities relating to terrorism or where there are doubts about the adequacy or veracity of previously obtained client identification data; and
	viii. NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall periodically update all documents, data or information of all clients and beneficial owners collected under the CDD process.

		Reliance on third party for carrying out Client Due Diligence (CDD):
		Renance on third party for carrying out cheft Due Diligence (CDD).
		NVS Brokerage Private Limited may rely on a third party for the purpose of :
		i. identification and verification of the identity of a client and
		ii. Determination of whether the client is acting on behalf of a beneficial owner, identification of the beneficial owner and verification of the identity of the beneficial owner. Such third party shall be regulated, supervised or monitored for, and have measures in place for compliance with CDD and record-keeping requirements in line with the obligations under the PML Act.
		Such reliance shall be subject to the conditions that are specified in Rule 9 (2) of the PML Rules and shall be in accordance with the regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time.
		General:
		NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall frame own internal directives based on experience in dealing with their clients and legal requirements as per the established practices.
		NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall conduct ongoing due diligence where it notices inconsistencies in the information provided.
		There shall be no minimum investment threshold/ category-wise exemption available for carrying out CDD measures.
В.	Acceptance of clients	NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall develop client acceptance policies and procedures that aim to identify the types of clients that are likely to pose a higher than average risk of ML or TF.
		By establishing such policies and procedures, we will be in a better position to apply client due diligence on a risk sensitive basis depending on the type of client business relationship or transaction. In a nutshell, the following safeguards be followed while accepting the clients:
		i. NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall allow the opening of or keep any anonymous account or account in fictitious names or account on behalf of other persons whose identity has not been disclosed or cannot be verified.
		ii. Factors of risk perception (in terms of monitoring suspicious transactions) of the client are clearly defined having regard to clients' location (registered office address, correspondence addresses and other addresses if applicable), nature of business activity, trading turnover etc. and manner of making payment for transactions undertaken. The parameters shall enable classification of clients into low, medium and high risk. Clients of special category (as given below) may, if necessary, be classified even higher; Such clients require higher degree of due diligence and regular update of Know Your Client (KYC) profile.

	iii. NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall undertake enhanced due diligence measures as
	applicable for Clients of Special Category (CSC). CSC shall include the following:
	a) Non - resident clients;
	b) High net-worth clients;
	c) Trust, Charities, Non-Governmental
	Organizations (NGOs)and
	organizations receiving donations;
	d) Companies having close family shareholdings or beneficial ownership;
	e) Politically Exposed Persons (PEP).
	PEP are individuals who are or have been entrusted with prominent public functions in a
	foreign country, e.g., Heads of States or of Governments, senior politicians, senior
	government/judicial/military officers, senior executives of state-owned corporations,
	important political party officials, etc. The additional norms applicable to PEP as
	contained in the subsequent paragraph 14 of this circular shall also be applied to the
	accounts of the family members or close relatives of PEPs.
	f) Clients in high risk countries. While dealing with clients from or situate in high risk
	countries or geographic areas or when providing delivery of services to clients through
	high risk countries or geographic areas i.e. places where existence or effectiveness of
	action against money laundering or terror financing is suspect, apart from being guided
	by the FATF statements that inter alia identify such countries or geographic areas that
	do not or insufficiently apply the FATF Recommendations, published by the FATF on its
	website (www.fatf-gafi.org) from time to time, we will also independently access and
	consider other publicly available information along with any other information which
	they may have access to. However, this shall not preclude from entering into legitimate
	transactions with clients from or situate in such high risk countries and geographic areas
	or delivery of services through such high risk countries or geographic areas.
	g) Non face to face clients.
	Non face to face clients means clients who open accounts without visiting the
	branch/offices of the registered intermediaries or meeting the officials of NVS Brokerage
	Private Limited.Video based customer identification process is treated as face-to-face
	onboarding of clients.
	h) Clients with dubious reputation as per public information available.
	In addition to above list, we shall exercise independent judgment to ascertain whether
	any other set of clients shall be classified as CSC or not.
	iv. Documentation requirements and other information to be collected in respect of
	different classes of clients depending on the perceived risk and having regard to the
	requirements of Rule 9 of the PML Rules, Directives and Circulars issued by SEBI from
	time to time.
	v. An account is not opened where we are unable to apply appropriate CDD measures.
	This shall apply in cases where it is not possible to ascertain the identity of the client, or
	the information provided to us is suspected to be non - genuine, or there is perceived
	non - co-operation of the client in providing full and complete information. NVS
	Brokerage Private Limited shall not continue to do business with such a person and file a

		suspicious activity report. It shall also evaluate whether there is suspicious trading in determining whether to freeze or close the account. NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall be cautious to ensure that it does not return securities or money that may be from suspicious trades. However, NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall consult the relevant authorities in determining what action it shall take when it suspects suspicious trading. vi. The circumstances under which the client is permitted to act on behalf of another person / entity shall be clearly laid down. It shall be specified in what manner the account shall be operated, transaction limits for the operation, additional authority required for transactions exceeding a specified quantity/value and other appropriate details. Further the rights and responsibilities of both the person on whose behalf the agent is acting shall be clearly laid down. Adequate verification of a person's authority to act on behalf of the client shall also be carried out.
		to ensure that the identity of the client does not match with any person having known criminal background or is not banned in any other manner, whether in terms of criminal or civil proceedings by any enforcement agency worldwide.
		viii. The CDD process shall necessarily be revisited when there are suspicions of ML/TF.
С.	Client identification procedure	The KYC policy shall clearly spell out the client identification procedure (CIP) to be carried out at different stages i.e. while establishing NVS Brokerage Private Limited – client relationship, while carrying out transactions for the client or when the NVS Brokerage Private Limited has doubts regarding the veracity or the adequacy of previously obtained client identification data.
		i. NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall put in place appropriate risk management systems to determine whether a client or potential client or the beneficial owner of such client is a politically exposed person. Such procedures shall include seeking relevant information from the client, referring to publicly available information or accessing the commercial electronic databases of PEPs.
		ii. Senior management approval will be taken for establishing business relationships with PEPs. Where a client has been accepted and the client or beneficial owner is subsequently found to be, or subsequently becomes a PEP, NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall obtain senior management approval to continue the business relationship.
		iii. NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall also take reasonable measures to verify the sources of funds as well as the wealth of clients and beneficial owners identified as PEP.
		iv. The client shall be identified by using reliable sources including documents / information. NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall obtain adequate information to satisfactorily establish the identity of each new client and the purpose of the intended nature of the relationship.
		v. The information must be adequate enough to satisfy competent authorities

		 (regulatory / enforcement authorities) in future that due diligence was observed in compliance with the directives. Each original document shall be seen prior to acceptance of a copy. vi. Failure by prospective client to provide satisfactory evidence of identity shall be noted and reported to the higher authority by NVS Brokerage Private Limited.
D.	Risk Management	NVS Brokerage Private Limitedhas applied a Risk Based Approach (RBA) for mitigation and management of the identified risk and have policies approved by senior management, controls and procedures in this regard. Further, NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall monitor the implementation of the controls and enhance them if necessary.
		In line with the risk-based approach, the type and amount of identification information and documents that NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall obtain necessarily depend on the risk category of a particular client.
Ε.	Risk Assessment	NVS Brokerage Private Limited will carry out risk assessment to identify, assess and take effective measures to mitigate its money laundering and terrorist financing risk with respect to its clients, countries or geographical areas, nature and volume of transactions, payment methods used by clients, etc. The risk assessment carried out shall consider all the relevant risk factors before determining the level of overall risk and the appropriate level and type of mitigation to be applied. The assessment shall be documented, updated regularly and made available to competent authorities and self-regulating bodies, as and when required. The risk assessment will also take into account any country specific information that is circulated by the Government of India and SEBI from time to time, as well as, the
F.	Monitoring of Transactions	 updated list of individuals and entities who are subjected to sanction measures as required under the various United Nations' Security Council Resolutions. a. Regular monitoring of transactions is vital for ensuring effectiveness of the AML procedures. We shall pay special attention to all complex unusually large transactions / patterns which appear to have no economic purpose. The RMS team shall specify internal threshold limits for each class of client accounts and pay special attention to transactions which exceeds these limits. RMS team under online and compliance under offline surveillance keep track of the transactions. i) As a policy, NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall not accept cash from any clients. ii) Record of all transactions and KYC documents collected from the Clients shall be maintained at least for such period as prescribed under the relevant Regulations. Attempt shall be made to maintain electronic scanned copies of client documentation.
		b. Any transactions needing special attention such as complex transactions, unusually large `transactions / patterns which appear to have no economic rationale etc. shall be

	1	
		brought to the notice of the Principal Officer. Further such findings, records and related documents shall be made available to auditors and also to SEBI/stock exchanges/FIU-IND/ other relevant Authorities, during audit, inspection or as and when required.
		c. Client due diligence measures will be also be applied to existing clients on the basis of materiality and risk, and conduct due diligence on such existing relationships appropriately. The extent of monitoring shall be aligned with the risk category of the client.
		d. We shall ensure compliance with the record of the transactions preserved and maintained in terms of Section 12 of the PMLA and that transactions of a suspicious nature or any other transactions notified under Section 12 of the Act are reported to the Director, FIU-IND. Suspicious transactions shall also be regularly reported to the higher authorities within the intermediary.
		e. The compliance team of the intermediary will randomly examine a selection of transactions undertaken by clients to comment on their nature i.e. whether they are in the nature of suspicious transactions or not.
G.	Suspicious	a. Transactions in the nature as below are few examples of suspicious transactions
	Transaction	and any such suspicioustransactionshouldbereportedimmediatelytothePrincipal
	Monitoring and	Officermentionedhereunderandhisadvicetaken:
	Reporting	i. Clientswhoseidentity/verificationseemsdifficultorclientappearsnottocooperate.
		ii. Substantialincreasein businesswithout apparentcause.
		iii. Asset managementservices for clients where the source of thefunds is notclear or
		notin keepingwith clients'apparentstanding/businessactivity;
		iv. Clientsbasedinhighriskjurisdictions;
		v. Clients transferring large sums of money to or from overseas locations within
		structions for payment in cash;
		vi. Attemptedtransferofinvestment proceedsto apparentlyunrelatedthirdparties;
		vii. Requests for transfer of investment proceeds to apparently unrelated third
		parties, unusual transactions by CSCs and business undertaken by shell
		corporations, offshore banks/ financial services, business reported in the nature of export-import of small items, etc.
		b. Any suspicious transaction shall be immediately notified to the Principal Officer or
		any other designated officer. The notification may be done in the form of a
		detailed report with specific reference to the clients, transactions and the nature
		/reason of suspicion. However, it shall be ensured that there is continuity indealing
		with the client as normal until told otherwise and the client shall not be told of the
		report/ suspicion. In exceptional circumstances, consent may not be given to
		continue to operate the account, and transactionsmay be suspended, in one or
		more jurisdictions concerned in the transaction, or other action taken.
		ThePrincipal Officer and other appropriate compliance, risk management and

		related staff members will have timely access to client identification data and CDD
		information, transaction records and other relevant information.
		c. It is likely that in some cases transactions are abandoned or aborted by clients on
		being asked to give somedetails or to provide documents. NVS Brokerage Private
		Limited will report all such attempted transactions in STRs, even if not completed
		by clients, irrespective of the amount of the transaction.
		d. In case of clients of high risk countries including countries where existence
		and effectiveness of money laundering controls is suspect or which do not or insufficiently apply FATF standards, shall also be subject to appropriate counter measures like enhanced scrutiny of transactions, enhanced relevant reporting mechanisms or systematic reporting of financial transactions, and applying enhanced due diligence while expanding business relationships with the identified country or persons in that country.
н.	Record	The following information in respect of transactions referred to in Rule 3 of PML Rules
	Management	will be maintained and preserved:
		i. the nature of the transactions;
		ii. the amount of the transaction and the
		currency in which it is denominated;
		iii. the date on which the transaction was conducted; and
		iv. the parties to the transaction
		Record Keeping:
		 a. It will be ensured to comply with the record keeping requirements contained in the SEBI Act, 1992, Rules and Regulations made thereunder, PMLA as well as other relevant legislation, Rules, Regulations, Exchange Byelaws and Circulars. b. We shall maintain such records as are sufficient to permit reconstruction of individual transactions (including the amounts and types of currencies involved, if any) so as to provide, if necessary, evidence for prosecution of criminal behaviour.
		 c. Incase of any suspected laundered money or terrorist property, the competent investigating authorities would need to trace through the audit trail for
		 reconstructing a financial profile of the suspect account. To enable this reconstruction, registered intermediaries shall retain the following information for the accounts of their clients in order to maintain a satisfactory audit trail: i. The beneficial owner of the account;
		ii. The volume of the funds flowing through the account; and
		iii. For selected transactions:
		a. The origin of the funds the form in which the funds were offered or withdrawn, e.g. cheques, demand drafts etc.

b.	The identity of the person undertaking the transaction;
C.	The destination of the funds;
d.	The form of instruction and authority.
d.	We shall ensure that all client and transaction records and information are
	available on a timely basis to thecompetent investigating authorities. Where
	required by the investigating authority, they shall retain certainrecords, e.g.
	client identification, account files, and business correspondence, for periods
	which may exceed those required under the SEBI Act, Rules and Regulations
	framed there-under PMLA, other relevant legislations, Rules and Regulations.
e.	NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall have to maintain are cord of all the
	transactions; the nature & value of which has been prescribed under Rule 3 of
	PML Rules. Such transactions shall include:
i.	all cash transactions of the value of more than ten lakh rupees or its equivalent in
	foreign currency;
ii.	all series of cash transactions integrally connected to each other which have been
	individually valued below rupees ten lakh or its equivalent in foreign currency
	where such series of transactions have taken place within a month and the
	monthly aggregate exceeds an amount of ten lakh rupees or its equivalent in
	foreign currency;
	It may, however, be clarified that for the purpose of suspicious transactions
	reporting, apart from 'transactions integrally connected', 'transactions remotely
	connected or related' shall also be considered.
	all cash transactions where forged or counterfeit currency notes or bank notes have
	been used as genuine or where any forgery of a valuable security or a document
	has taken place facilitating the transactions;
iv.	
	credits or debits into or from any non-monetary account such as demat account,
	security account maintained by the registered intermediary.
<u><u>R</u>e</u>	tention of Records:
a.	We shall take appropriate steps to evolve an internal mechanism for proper
a.	maintenance and preservation of such records and information in a manner that
	•
	allows easy and quick retrieval of data as and when requestedby
	thecompetentauthorities. Records mentioned in Rule 3 of PML Rules have to be
	maintained and preserved for a period of five years from the date of
	transactions between the client and NVS Brokerage Private Limited.
b.	We will formulate and implement the client identification procedure containing
	the requirements as laid down in Rule 9 of the PML Rules and such other
	additional requirements that it considers appropriate. Records evidencing the

		identity of its clients and beneficial owners as well as account files and business correspondence shall be maintained and preserved for a period of five years after the business relationship between a client and NVS Brokerage Private Limited has ended or the account has been closed, whichever is later.
		c. In situations where the records relate to on-going investigations or transactions which have been the subject of a suspicious transaction reporting, they shall be retained until it is confirmed that the case has been closed.
		d. NVS Brokerage Private Limited will maintain and preserve the records of information related to transactions, whether attempted or executed, which are reported to the Director, FIU – IND, as required under Rules 7 and 8 of the PML Rules, for a period of five years from the date of the transaction between the client and NVS Brokerage Private Limited.
Ι.	Procedure for freezing of funds, financial assets or economic resources or	a. NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall ensure that in terms of Section 51A of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967 (UAPA) and amendments thereto, do not have any accounts in the name of individuals/entities appearing in the lists of individuals and entities, suspected of having terrorist links, which are approved by and periodically circulated by the United Nations Security Council (UNSC).
	related services	b. In order to ensure expeditious and effective implementation of the provisions of Section 51A of UAPA, NVS Brokerage Private Limitedwill refer to a procedure outlined by Government of India through an order dated February 02, 2021 and for amended guidelines vide Gazette Notification dated June 08, 2021 for strict compliance.
J.	List of Designated Individuals/ Entities	 NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall take note of list of individuals/entities designated as terrorists by The Ministry of Home Affairs, in pursuance of Section 35(1) of UAPA 1967, as and when communicated by SEBI.
	Linutes	ii. All orders under section 35 (1) and 51A of UAPA relating to funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services, circulated by SEBI from time to time shall be taken note of for compliance.
		ii. An updated list of individuals and entities which are subject to various sanction measures such as freezing of assets/accounts, denial of financial services etc., as approved by the Security Council Committee established pursuant to various United Nations' Security Council Resolutions (UNSCRs) can be accessed at its website at https://press.un.org/en/content/press-release. The details of the lists are as under:
		a. The "ISIL (Da'esh) &AI-Qaida Sanctions List", which includes names of individuals and entities associated with the AI-Qaida. The updated ISIL & AI-Qaida Sanctions List is available at: https://www.un.org/securitycouncil/sanctions/1267/press-releases.
		 b. The list issued by United Security Council Resolutions 1718 of designated Individuals and Entities linked to Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>www.un.org/securitycouncil/sanctions/1718/press-releases</u>

		с.	NVS Brokerage Private Limited will ensure that accounts are not opened
		in t	he name of anyone whose name appears in the said list.
		d.	Further, we will continuously scan all existing accounts to ensure that no account is
			held by or linked to any of the entities or individuals included in the list.
		iv.	NVS Brokerage Private Limited will maintain updated designated lists in electronic form and run a check on the given parameters on a regular basis to verify whether
			the designated individuals/entities are holding any funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services held in the form of securities with them.
		v.	NVS Brokerage Private Limited will also file a Suspicious Transaction Report (STR) with FIU-IND covering all transactions carried through or attempted in the accounts covered under the list of designated individuals/entities under Section 35 (1) and 51A of UAPA.
		vi.	Full details of accounts bearing resemblance with any of the individuals/entities in the list shall immediately be intimated to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA, at Fax No.011-23092551 and also conveyed over telephone No. 011-23092548. The particulars apart from being sent by post shall necessarily be conveyed on email id: jsctcr-mha@gov.in.
		vii.	NVS Brokerage Private Limited shall also send a copy of the communication mentioned above to the UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT where the account is held and to SEBI and FIU-IND, without delay. The communication shall be sent to SEBI through post and through email (sebi_uapa@sebi.gov.in) to the UAPA nodal officer of SEBI, Deputy General Manager, Division of FATF, Market Intermediaries Regulation and Supervision Department, Securities and Exchange Board of India, SEBI Bhavan II, Plot No. C7, "G" Block, BandraKurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400 051. The consolidated list of UAPA Nodal Officers is available at the website of Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs.
		viii.	FATF Statements circulated by SEBI from time to time, and publicly available information, for identifying countries, which do not or insufficiently apply the FATF Recommendations, shall be considered by NVS Brokerage Private Limited.
		ix.	NVS Brokerage Private Limited will take into account the risks arising from the deficiencies in AML/CFT regime of the jurisdictions included in the FATF Statements before having legitimate trade and business transactions with the countries and jurisdictions mentioned in the FATF statements.
К.	Reporting	to	Information relating to cash and suspicious transactions will be reported to the
	Financial		Director, Financial Intelligence Unit-India (FIU-IND) at the following address:
	Intelligence		Director, FIU-IND,
	Unit-India		Financial Intelligence Unit - India
			6th Floor, Tower-2, Jeevan Bharati Building,
			Connaught Place, New Delhi-110001, INDIA
			Telephone: 91-11-23314429, 23314459
			91-11-23319793(Helpdesk) Email:helpdesk@fiuindia.gov.in
		1	

Г Г Т	
	 (For FINnet and general queries) ctrcell@fiuindia.gov.in (For Reporting Entity / Principal Officer registration related queries) complaints@fiuindia.gov.in Website: <u>http://fiuindia.gov.in</u> Following time schedule will be adhered to while reporting: i. The Cash Transaction Report (CTR) (wherever applicable) for each month shall be submitted to FIU-IND by 15th of the succeeding month. ii. The Suspicious Transaction Report (STR) shall be submitted within 7 days of arriving at a conclusion that any transaction, whether cash or non-cash, or a series
	of transactions integrally connected are of suspicious nature. The Principal Officer shall record his reasons for treating any transaction or a series of transactions as suspicious. It shall be ensured that there is no undue delay in arriving at such a conclusion.
	iii. The Non Profit Organization Transaction Reports (NTRs) for each shall be submitted to FIU-IND by 15th of the succeeding month.
	iv. The Principal Officer will be responsible for timely submission of CTR, STR and NTR to FIU-IND.
	v. NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall not put any restrictions on operations in the accounts where an STR has been made. NVS Brokerage Private Limitedand their directors, officers and employees (permanent and temporary) shall be prohibited from disclosing ("tipping off") the fact that a STR or related information is being reported or provided to the FIU-IND. This prohibition on tipping off extends not only to the filing of the STR and/ or related information but even before, during and after the submission of an STR. Thus, it shall be ensured that there is no tipping off to the client at any level.
	vi. We shall file STR irrespective of the amount of transaction and/or the threshold limit envisaged for predicate offences specified in part B of Schedule of PMLA, 2002, if there is reasonable grounds to believe that the transactions involve Proceeds of the crime. It is further clarified that "proceeds of crime" include property not only derived or obtained from the scheduled offence but also any property which may directly or indirectly be derived or obtained as a result of any criminal activity relatable to the scheduled offence.
L. Designation of	a. Appointment of a Principal Officer:
officers for ensuring compliance with provisions of	The Principal Officer would act as a central reference point in facilitating onward reporting of suspicious transactions and for playing an active role in the identification and assessment of potentially suspicious transactions and shall have
PMLA	access to and be able to report to senior management at the next reporting level

			 or the Board of Directors. Further, Name, designation and address (including email addresses) of 'Principal Officer' including any changes therein shall also be intimated to the Office of the Director-FIU-IND. b. Appointment of a Designated Director NVS Brokerage Private Limitedshall designatethe Managing Director or a Whole-Time Director duly authorized by the Board of Directors as a 'Designated Director' in terms of Rule 2 (ba) of the PML Rules. Further, Name, designation and address (including email addresses) of 'Designated Director'FIU-IND.
м.	Hiring Training Employees Investor Education	and of and	a. Hiring of Employees: As a policy,NVS Brokerage Private Limited has adequate screening procedures including of that seeking of appropriate reference checks in place to ensure high standards whenhiring employees. Also for the key positions within the organization, we ensure that they are suitable and competent to perform their duties to combat the risk of money laundering, terrorist financing and size of business.
			b. Training of Employees: NVS Brokerage Private Limitedwill on an ongoing basis arrange and organize for employee training programme for frontline staff, back office staff, compliance staff, risk management staff and staff dealing with new customers, so that the employees are adequately trained in AML and CFT procedures, and that that they understand the rationale behind these guidelines, obligations and requirements.
			c. Investors Education: InordertoimplementtheAML/CFTmeasures, we will communicate the various regulat ory directives issued from to time by Regulators to clients so as to educate them the objectives of theAML/CFTprogramme. We shall also prepare specific literature/ pamphlets etc. so as to educate the client of the objectives of the AML/CFT programme.

This policy may be amended from time to time and all the staff members shall comply with the same.

Reviewed by	:	Saloni Shah
Title	:	Head of Compliance
Date of Last Review	:	30/06/2022